

INTRODUCING SUPPLY TRACE

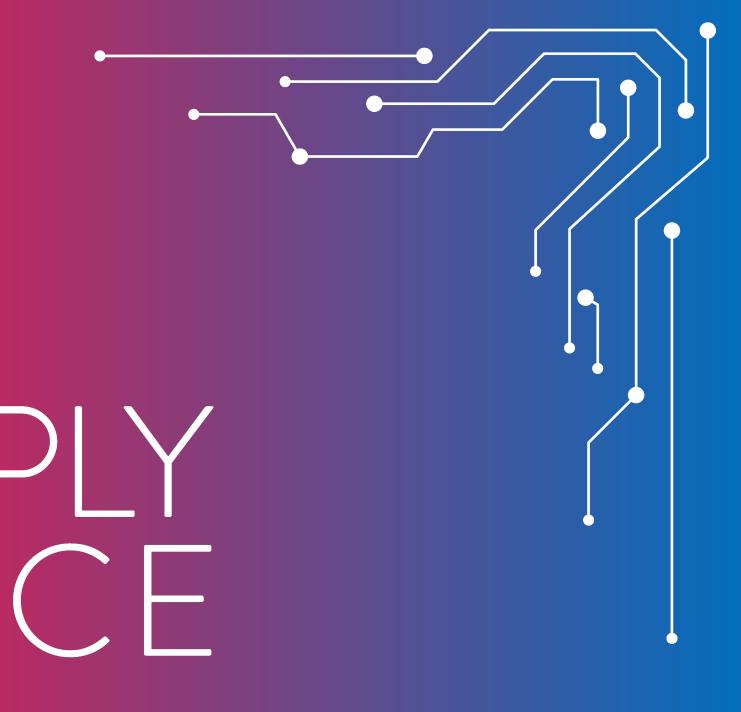
10th April 2024





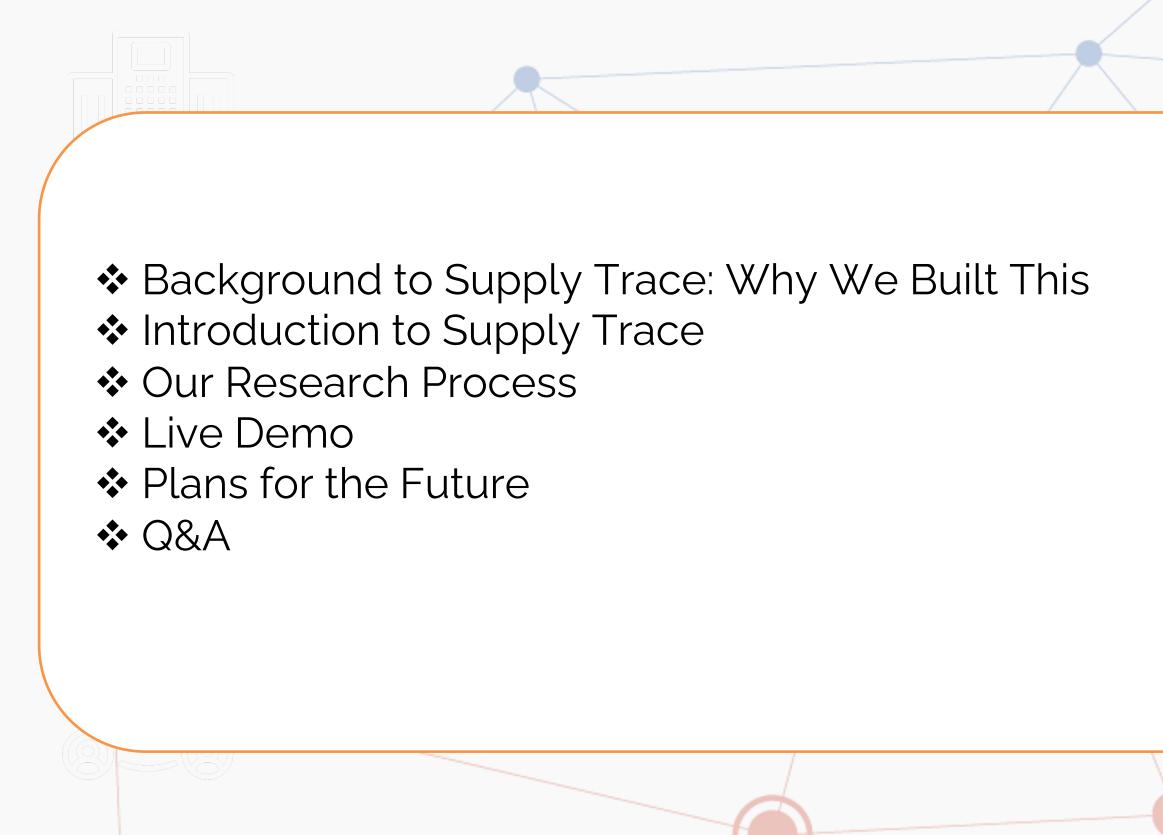
Introducing

SUPPLY TRACE





What We Will Cover Today







Background: Why We Built This

1. The world is missing <u>all</u> of the following:

- An open access platform tracking forced labor
- A platform **built by experts** on forced labor
- A non-neutral trade platform for the public good.

2. Increasing legislation and transparency in supply chains requires **capacity** on a preserved historical record.

3. Using machine learning to save your time in identifying risk, we empower everyone: trade experts, governments, CSOs, human rights defenders, lawyers, auditors, advocates, and corporations to collaboratively challenge responsible entities to remedy forced labor throughout their supply chains.





What is Supply Trace?

An open platform



Supply Trace is an accessible, open platform that exposes potential risks in global supply chains.



Pilot phase

In its pilot phase, it focuses on the apparel sector and links between forced labor in the Uyghur Region of China and shipments to the US.



Deep subject matter expertise

Additional intelligence, derived from deskbased research, is layered over the core supply chain data.





Base layer of trade data

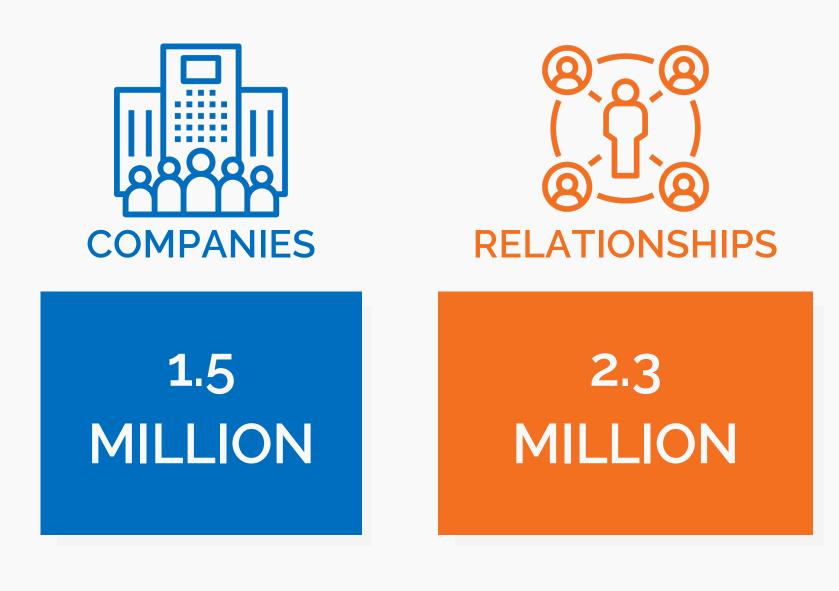
Supply Trace is populated with customs records, such as shipping and bill of lading data, and other publicly available supply chain information.

Built for scale

In the future, Supply Trace will progressively expand to other industries, affected regions and categories of risk.



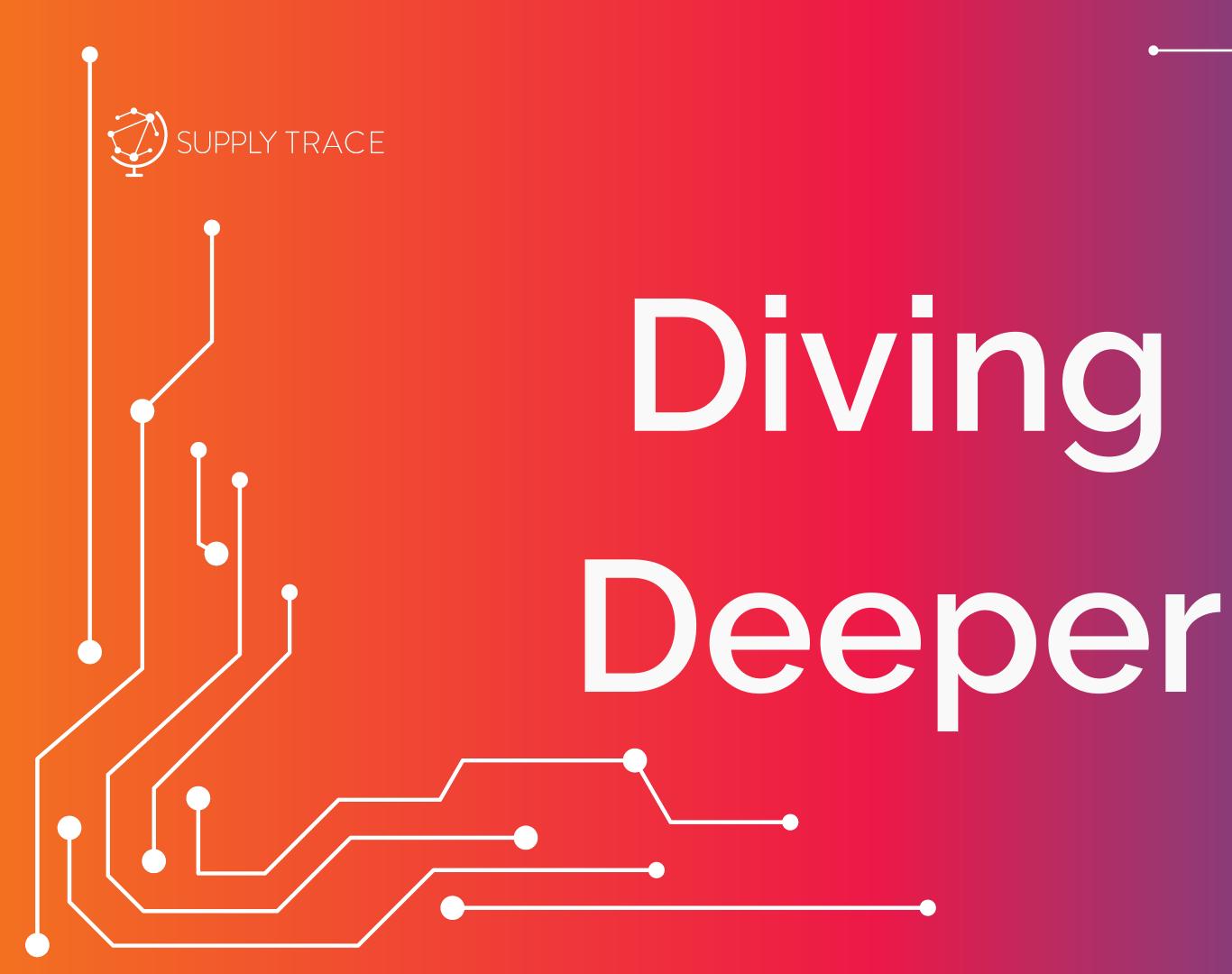
Supply Trace Currently Shows:







2.6 MILLION







Our USP: Machine Learning + Expert Research

Machine learning on global supply chain trade data



Human intelligence for critical expertise on risk



Automation of previously manual, time-consuming research work



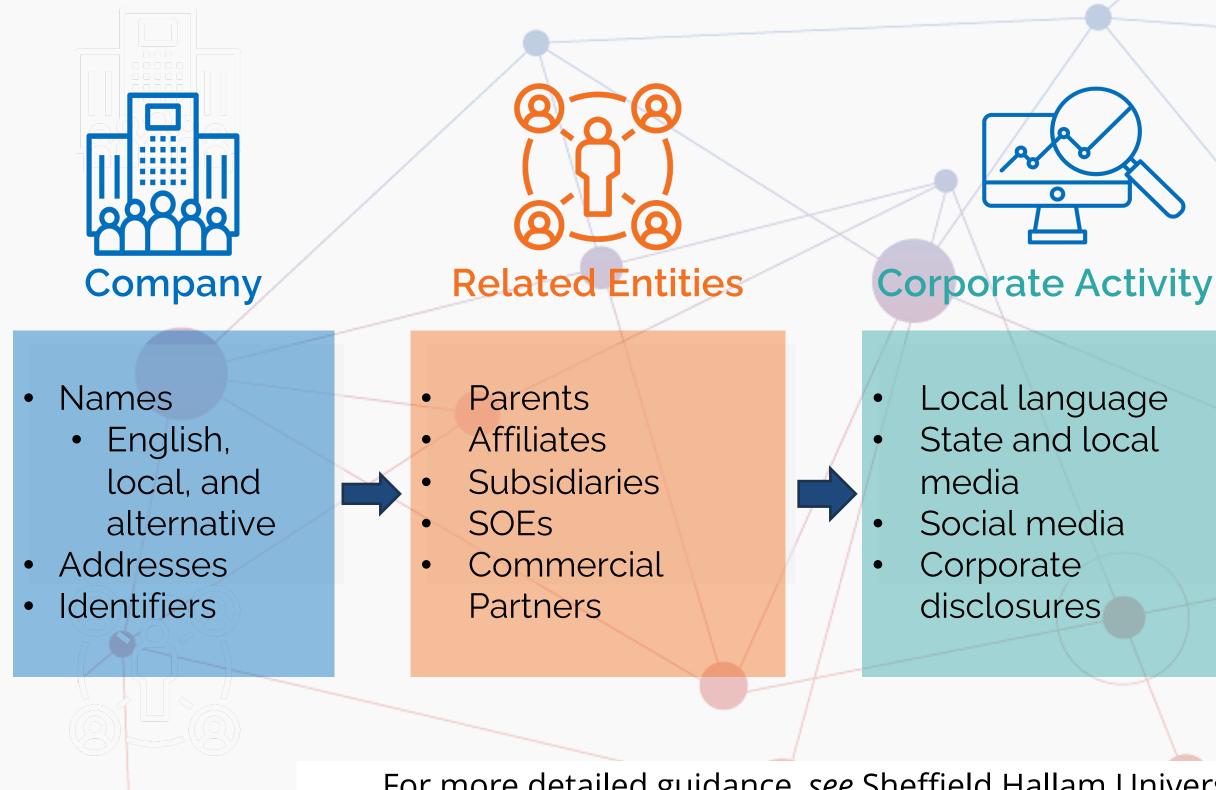
The Research

Process





The Research Process



For more detailed guidance, *see* Sheffield Hallam University's evidence brief, "Know Your Supply" Chains: Desk-Based Research Strategies to Identify Uyghur Region Exposure" (June 2023).



Evidence retention Categorize by risk type

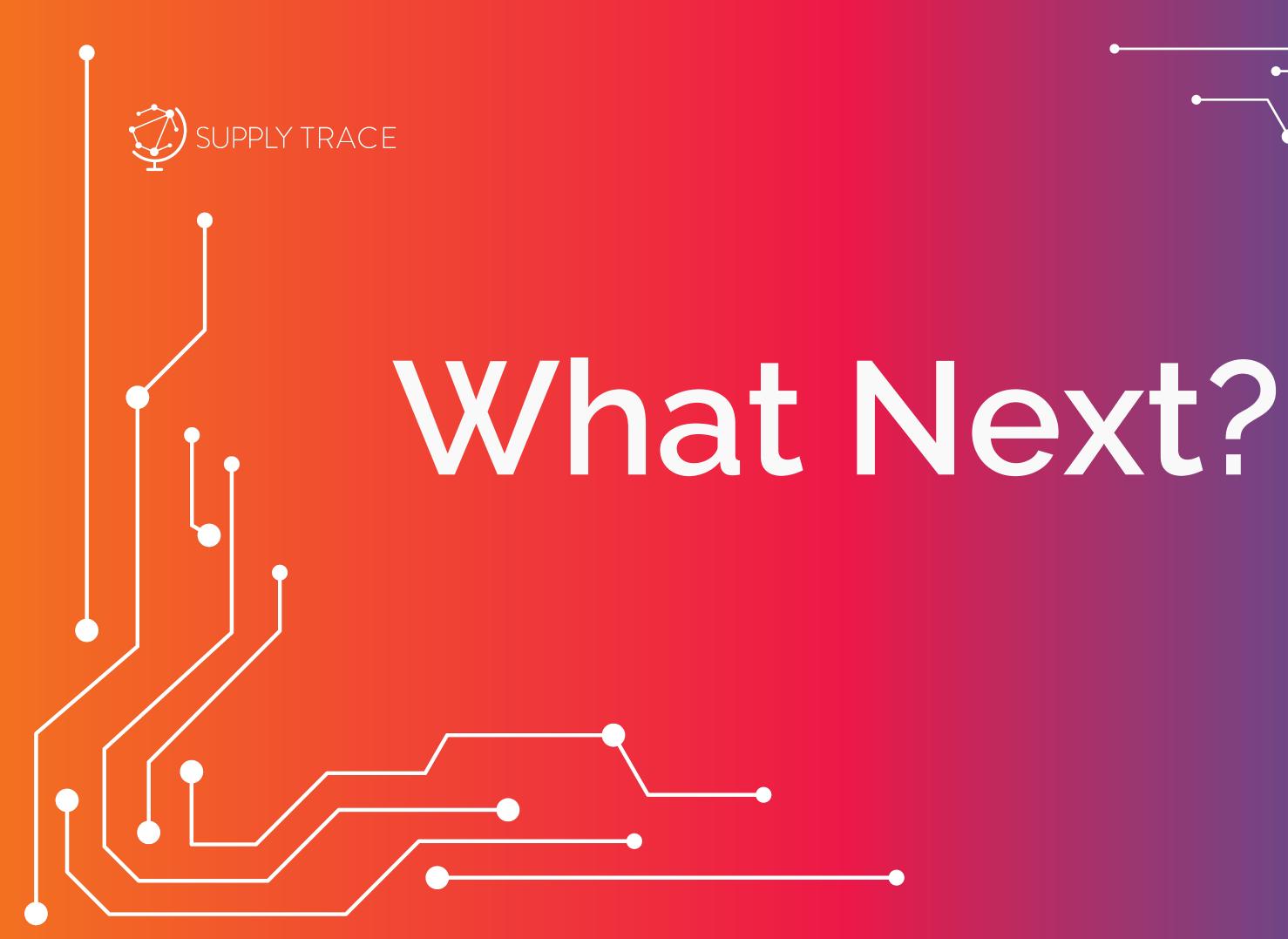
Risk Identification

Document risk context, date, and source



https://supplytrace.org









We asked live:

Which sectors would you like to see in Supply Trace next?

The Results:



medical device auto solarpv gold õ

> jewelry steel



We asked live:

Which geographies would you like to see in Supply Trace next?

The Results:

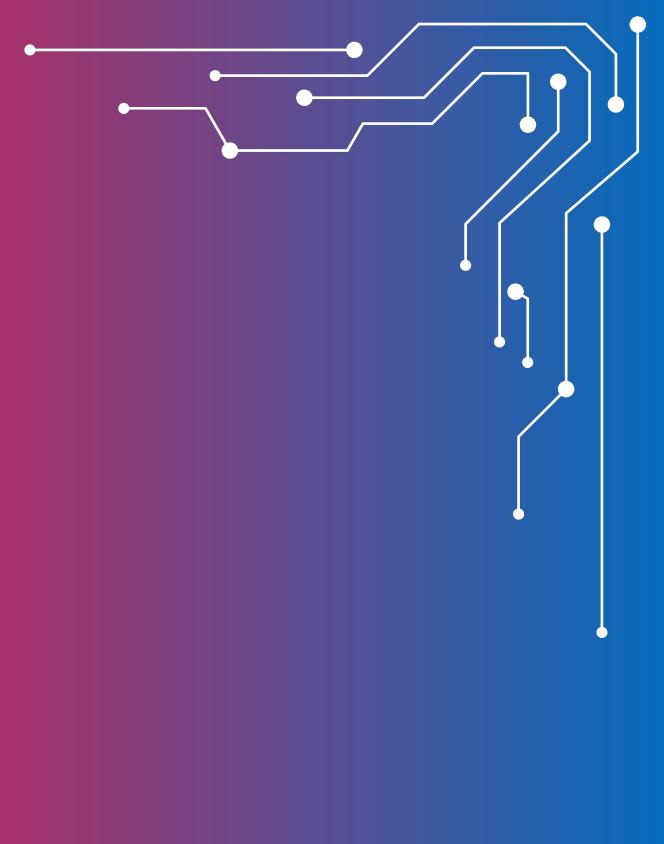


north america pakistan

> everywhere nyanmar west africa









Stay in Touch





For further information, please contact













s.bhimani@northeastern.edu

c.t.dale@shu.ac.uk



Follow Our Progress



https://bit.ly/supply-trace-subscribe

• In

https://www.linkedin.com/company/supplytrace/





Thank You!

